

West Virginia Agricultural Statistics Service

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2002 MEAT ANIMAL PRODUCTION

WEST VIRGINIA -- The 2002 gross income from cattle and calves, hogs and pigs, and sheep and lambs was \$91.4 million, down 1 percent from the \$92.1 million in 2001. Gross income from cattle and calves was down 2 percent. Hogs and pigs increased 43 percent. Sheep and lambs increased 23 percent from the 2001 income.

Production of meat animals in West Virginia during 2002 totaled 128.7 million pounds, down 8 percent from last year. Cattle and calves production decreased 9 percent. Hogs and pigs increased 67 percent. Sheep and lambs decreased 2 percent. The value of production of meat animals was down 17 percent to \$70.9 million compared to the \$85.5 million in 2001.

Total 2002 cash receipts from marketings for all meat animals was \$87.3 million, down 1 percent from the 2001 cash receipts. Cattle and calves accounted for 97 percent of the total cash receipts, sheep and lambs 2 percent and hogs and pigs 1 percent.

Cattle and calves: Cash receipts from marketings of cattle and calves decreased 2 percent during 2002. Receipts totaled \$84.3 million compared with the \$85.7 million in 2001. All cattle and calf marketings during 2002 reached 145.6 million pounds, up from the 132.4 million pounds in 2001. The 2002 annual average price of cattle at \$53.50 per 100 pounds live weight, was down \$6.70 from the 2001 price. The average price for calves at \$74.00 per 100 pounds live weight, was down \$9.90 from the 2001 price.

Hogs and pigs: Cash receipts from marketings of hogs and pigs were \$1.1 million during 2002, up 28 percent from the revised 2001 cash receipts of \$900,000. Marketings of 3.4 million pounds during 2002 were 54 percent above the 2001 total marketings of 2.2 million pounds. The annual average price per 100 pounds live weight at \$32.00 decreased \$6.90 from the price last year.

Sheep and lambs: Cash receipts from marketings of sheep and lambs in 2002 totaled \$1.9 million, up 23 percent from the 2001 cash receipts of \$1.5 million. The average price of sheep in 2002 was \$25.30 per 100 pounds of live weight, down from \$30.50 in 2001. Lamb prices increased from \$69.10 in 2001 to \$77.00 in 2002. Marketings of sheep and lambs at 3.0 million pounds were up 21 percent from the 2001 marketings of 2.5 million pounds.

UNITED STATES – **The 2002 gross income** from cattle and calves, hogs and pigs, and sheep and lambs for the U.S. totaled \$48.4 billion, down 10 percent from 2001. Gross income declined for hogs and pigs, and cattle and calves, but increased for sheep and lambs. Hogs and pigs decreased 23 percent, while cattle and calves decreased 6 percent and sheep and lambs increased 8 percent.

Total 2002 cash receipts from marketings of meat animals decreased 10 percent to \$48.0 billion. Cattle and calves accounted for 79 percent of this total, hogs and pigs 20 percent, and sheep and lambs 1 percent. Production increased forhogs and pigs, but decreased forboth cattle and calves and sheep and lambs. Average prices were down from 2001 levels for cattle and calves, hogs and pigs, and sheep while lambs showed a increase.

Cattle and Calves: Cash receipts from marketings of cattle and calves decreased from \$40.4 billion in 2001 to \$38.0 in 2002, a 6 percent decrease. All cattle and calf marketings totaled 55.9 billion pounds in 2002, up 1 percent from 2001. The U.S. annual average price per 100 pounds live weight for cattle was \$66.50 a decrease of \$4.80 from 2001. For calves, the annual average price decreased \$9.60 to \$96.40.

Hogs and Pigs: Cash receipts from hogs and pigs totaled \$9.6 billion during 2002, down 23 percent from 2001. Marketings increased to 27.3 billion pounds in 2002, up 2 percent from 2001. The U.S. annual average price per 100 pounds live weight decreased from \$44.30 in 2001 to \$33.40 in 2002.

Sheep and Lambs: Cash receipts from marketings of sheep and lambs in 2002 were \$431 million, up 8 percent from 2001. Marketings increased 2 percent to 652 million pounds. The U.S. annual average price per 100 pounds live weight for sheep decreased from \$34.60 in 2001 to \$28.20 in 2002 while for lambs, the annual average price increased \$7.20 to \$74.10.

Terms and Definitions

Cash Receipts: Receipts from marketings and any sale of farm-slaughtered meats. For hogs and pigs, includes an allowance for feeder pig outshipments. U.S. prices received for cattle and calves, hogs and pigs, and sheep and lambs were published in "**Agricultural Prices**", released February 28, 2003.

Farm Slaughter: Animals slaughtered on farms primarily for home consumption. Excludes custom slaughter for producers at commercial establishments.

Gross Income: Sum of cash receipts and value of home consumption.

Inshipments: Livestock shipped into States for feeding or breeding. Excludes animals brought in for immediate slaughter.

Inventory Value: The value of inventory on hand as of January 1 (cattle and sheep) or December 1 (hogs). Values per head are based on information reported by respondents to the respective inventory surveys.

Marketings: Includes animals for slaughter market and younger animals shipped to other States for feeding and breeding purposes. Excludes interfarm sales within the same State and farm slaughter. Number of head marketed includes all customs laughter, but live weight marketed, shown in pounds, excludes custom slaughter consumed on farms where produced.

Production: Includes total live weight of animals marketed, farm slaughter, and custom slaughter consumed on farms where produced, minus live weight of inshipments, with an adjustment for any increase or decrease in live weight of inventory.

Value of Home Consumption: Total value of on-farm slaughter and custom slaughter consumed on the farm where produced.